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MI2001U000700

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Rome, 22 November 2001

THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION
THE FIRST MANAGER
signed (Ing. Giorgio Romani)

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TO THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY, COMMERCE AND CRAFTS
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APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OF A PATENT

Form U

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Residence Z.I. Borgoricco (Padua) (Italy)

Code

2. Name

Residence

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C. Elected Domicile:

As above

D. Title

A driving assembly for controllably driving a slide

E. Inventors named

1. Mario BROETTO

2.

F. Priority

Nation or org. Type of priority Appl.-No. Filing Date Encl

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G. Qualified center for cultivations collection, for micro-biological processes

H. Special notes:

"The information missing is not available to the agent"

DOCUMENTS ENCLOSED

Doc. 1) 2 Prov.No.pp.011 abstract with main drawing,
description and claims
(compulsory 1 copy)

Doc. 2) 2 Prov. No.pp. 3 drawings (compulsory if cited in the
description, 1 copy)

Doc. 3) 1 power of attorney

Doc. 4) 0 designation of inventor

Doc. 5) 0 priority document with Italian
translation

Doc. 6) 0 authorisation or deed of assignment

Doc. 7) 0 full name of the applicant

8) Certificate of payment of a total of Lit. 600.000.- (5 years
compulsory)

Compiled on 15.12.2000

Signature of of applicant (s):

pp de Dominicis & Mayer S.r.l.

One Agent

Continues Yes/no

IS A CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THIS DOCUMENT REQUESTED YES/NO:

PROVINCIAL OFFICE OF INDUSTRY, COMMERCE AND CRAFTS OF MILAN
CODE: 15

CERTIFICATE OF FILING: APPLICATION NO. MI2000U 000700 Reg.: U
In the year two thousand on the 15th day of Dicember the
applicant (s) mentioned above submitted to me the undersigned
the present application, accompanied by (00) additional sheets
for the grant of the patent given above.

I. NOTES BY THE REGISTRAR:

THE APPLICANT
(signature)

OFFICE
STAMP

THE REGISTRAR
M. Petralia

M2000U000700

Docket Nr.01-03733

Description of the industrial Model entitled:

"A driving assembly for controllably driving a slide"

in the name of i.m. Parpas S.r.l., domiciled in Borgoricco and with elected domicile at the Representative's office, de Dominicis & Mayer S.r.l., Milano, P.le Marengo 6.

Inventor: Mario Broetto

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A driving assembly for controllably driving a slide with respect to a bed includes a rack and at least a controllable-motor driven pinion engaged with the rack. The pinion forms a single body with the motor shaft, which is rigid with a supporting element defining a circumferential chamber for providing the supporting element body with a U-shape cross-section. The motor includes a rotor having a rotor shaft, the end portions of which are supported by bearings engaged in recesses defined in cover elements which are rigidly coupled to a body of a motor stator.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a driving assembly for controllably driving a slide.

The provision on base frameworks or beds of high precision parallel guides is already known.

Said parallel guides, in particular, are used for supporting thereon slides or uprights in turn supporting, for example, machining devices such as drilling devices, boring or milling assemblies as those conventionally used in the tool machine field.

In large machining shops, the movable slide frequently comprises a portal construction including machining and chip removing assemblies.

The portal construction forming the movable slide can be driven with respect to the workpiece which is arranged on the machine bed.

For driving a slide of the above mentioned type, are conventionally used driving motors which are operatively coupled to mechanical motor-reducing units or transmission means.

At the end portion of their kinematic chain, the prior devices comprise a pinion engaging with a rack rigid with the machine bed, thereby, as the pinion or pinions are rotatively driven, the slide is in turn controllably driven.

However, the use of conventional motors and mechanical motor-

reducing units for driving a comparatively heavy slide or a portal construction on a bed, does not meet present precision requirements and, because of an elastic nature of the transmission means, does not result in an accurate repeatability of the machining slide displacements.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, the aim of the present invention is to provide a novel driving assembly, designed for overcoming the above mentioned drawbacks affecting the prior art, which allows to controllably drive a slide or a portal construction with respect to a bed, with a very great precision and an accurate repeatability of the slide operating displacements.

According to the invention, the above aim is achieved by a driving assembly for controllably driving a slide with respect to a base including a rack that engages at least a pinion driven by a controllable motor having a motor shaft, a motor rotor and a motor stator, said motor rotor having a rotor shaft. The pinion forms a single body with said shaft of said motor. The shaft of said motor is rigid with a support element delimiting a circumferential chamber, to provide a body of said support element with a U-shape cross-section. The end portions of said rotor shaft of said rotor are supported by bearings engaged in recesses formed in cover elements rigidly coupled to a body of said motor stator.

By a driving assembly as above disclosed, it is possible to provide a monolithic and rigid body, formed by a pinion forming a single body with and integrated in the shaft of the rotor, by said rotor, and this owing to the provision of an intermediate supporting element defining an annular empty chamber, providing a weight reduction and an optimum cooling down of the overall assembly.

By engaging the end portions of the shaft of the rotor in recesses defined in strong cover elements rigid with the body forming the stator of the motor, a greatly rigid and compact body to be coupled to the slide to be driven is thereby obtained.

The electric motor is of a "brushless" type. The stator of said motor comprises a pack of stator laminations, combined with the stator coils and including a high number of poles; the rotor of said motor comprising a steel ring element including a plurality of permanent magnet plates, the assembly providing a loose ring stator and rotor brushless type of motor.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The subject matter of the invention will be disclosed and illustrated in further details hereinafter, by an embodiment thereof, given only by way of an example, and shown in the accompanying drawings, where:

Figure 1 schematically illustrates a movable slide including devices

according to the present invention;

Figure 2 is a schematic top plan view illustrating the movable slide; and
Figure 3 is a vertical cross-sectional view illustrating a driving assembly.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

As shown in Figure 1, a slide 1, schematically illustrated therein and designed for supporting further constructions, which do not pertain to the present invention, is slidably arranged on parallel guides 2 longitudinally extending on a bed 3, for example of a large size tool machine.

The slide 1 supports one or more driving assemblies 4 which are rigid with the body of the slide 1. Each driving assembly comprises a respective pinion 5.

Each said pinion 5 engages with a rack 6 extending in a longitudinal direction of the bed 3 and being rigid with the latter.

Figure 2 illustrates said slide 1 by a schematic top plan view.

The slide 1 can be slidably driven along guides, of a per se known type and not shown in Figure 2, of the bed 3.

At the central portion thereof, the bed 3 supports the rack 6 which longitudinally extends of said bed.

The slide can be slidably driven in the directions schematically indicated by the double headed arrow f.

As shown in Figure 2, said slide comprises recesses indicated by 7.

In each recess 7 is housed the driving assembly 4. Each driving assembly 4 comprises the controllably driven pinion 5 engaging with said rack 6.

As shown in Figures 1 and 2, two driving assemblies 4 are herein provided but it should be apparent that, for smaller slides 1; it would be sufficient to provide only one driving assembly 4, the number of said driving assemblies 4 depending on the size of the slide 1.

Figure 3 shows, by a cross sectional view taken along a vertical plane, a single driving assembly 4.

In this figure it is possible to note a portion of the bed 3, the precision parallel guides being not shown, for clarity reasons.

On said bed 3 is supported the rack 6 longitudinally extending of said bed 3.

With the rack the pinion 5 is engaged, said pinion 5 forming a single body with the shaft 8 of a rotor 9 housed inside a stator 10.

Thus, owing to this construction providing a single monolithic body including the shaft 8 and pinion 5, a very rigid construction is obtained.

The end portion of the shaft 8 near the pinion 5 and the opposite end portion of the shaft 8 are supported through bearings 11 and 12 engaged in strong cover elements 13 and 14 which are rigid with an

outer casing 15 in which said stator 10 is arranged.

As shown, the rotor 9 is rigid with a support body 16 extending radially from the rotor 9 towards the shaft 8. By using keying means providing a torsional rigidity, the support body 16 of the rotor 9 is thereby rigidly keyed to the shaft 8.

The support body 16 defines an annular chamber 18 which circumferentially extends with respect to the support body 16.

Thus, by providing the mentioned circumferential chamber 18, the weight of the support body 16 is greatly reduced and, owing to the U-shape of the cross-section of said support body 16, in addition to greatly reducing the weight of said support body, the operating surfaces for cooling the assembly are greatly enlarged.

The chamber 18 can be closed by a closing flange 21, also operating as a second ring for anchoring the rotor.

At the end portion of the shaft 8 opposite to the pinion 5, a small stem 19 rigid with the rotary portion of a transducer 20 is set.

The outputs of said transducer 20 are coupled to digital controlling means and, accordingly, it would be possible to detect, at any desired time, the precise operating speed of the slide 1 driving assembly, with respect to the machine bed 3.

Advantageously, the motor rotor and stator are designed based on the

masses to be driven by the motor.

A synchronous motor having a high torque and a closed multipole ring would be very advantageous for such a use.

A main feature of the invention is that the pinion 5 effectively forms a single body with the shaft 8 of the rotor 9. As stated, the end portions of the rotor shaft 8 are supported and housed in strong cover elements.

By rigidly coupling the shaft 8 (owing to a very stable and light intermediate support body 16) to the rotor 9, a very rigid and precise driving means is obtained, thereby greatly increasing the driving precision of the movable slide 1, for example, a slide of a tool machine.

Since the rotor 9 has a comparatively great radius, the torque transmitted to the shaft 8 will be very great.

By making the shaft 8 and pinion 5 as a single body, not only a highly rigid and very precise mechanical element is provided, but it is also possible to obviate possible specifically designed machining operations which would be necessary for forming, for example, one or more slots inside a pinion coupling hole and slots at the end portions of the shaft 8 for allowing the pinion 5 and shaft 8 to be coupled, for example, by one or more keying means.

Owing to a direct transmission of the motion and torque supplied by the motor to the end actuator, including the pinion, without the provision of

intermediate mechanisms, and by using coaxial and rigid couplings, high accurate movements will be provided.

I CLAIM:

1. A driving assembly for controllably driving a slide with respect to a base including a rack, at least a pinion engaging the rack and being driven by a controllable motor, said controllable motor having a motor shaft, a motor rotor and a motor stator, said rotor having a rotor shaft, comprising: said pinion forming a single body with said shaft of said motor, said shaft of said motor being rigid with a support element delimiting a circumferential chamber, to provide a body of said support element with a U-shape cross-section, and end portions of said rotor shaft of said motor being supported by bearings engaged in recesses formed in cover elements rigidly coupled to a body of said motor stator.
2. The driving assembly, according to Claim 1, wherein said body of said support element extends from said stator radially toward the rotor shaft.
3. the driving assembly, according to Claim 1, wherein said rotor support element is rigidly coupled to said shaft by keying means.
4. The driving assembly, according to Claim 1, the shaft of the rotor is coupled to a stem (19) rigid with a rotary portion of a transducer.
5. The driving assembly, according to Claim 1, wherein said transducer has transducer outputs operatively coupled to digital controlling means.
6. The driving assembly, according to Claim 1, said motor is a

synchronous motor of high torque and that wherein rotor comprises a multipolar closed ring.

7. The driving assembly, according to Claim 1, wherein the cover elements which are rigid with a casing of said stator.

8. The driving assembly, according to Claim 1, wherein said motor is a loose stator and rotor ring brushless motor, wherein the stator comprises a pack of stator laminations combined with stator coils, wherein said stator has a high number of stator poles, and wherein said rotor comprises a steel rotor ring in which a plurality of permanent magnet plates is embedded.

For i.m. Parapas S.r.l.

de Dominicis & Mayer S.r.l.

One Agent

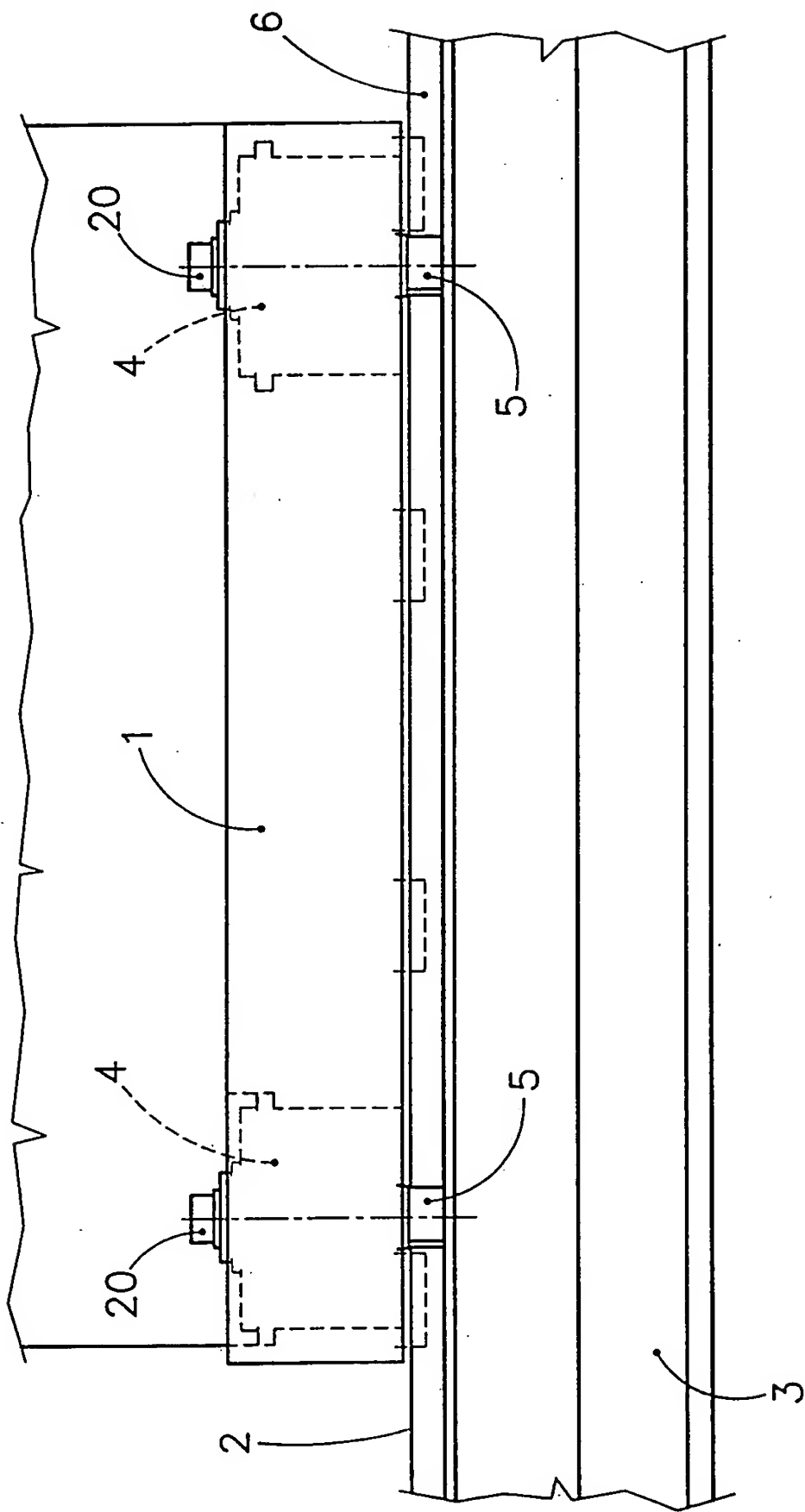


FIG.1

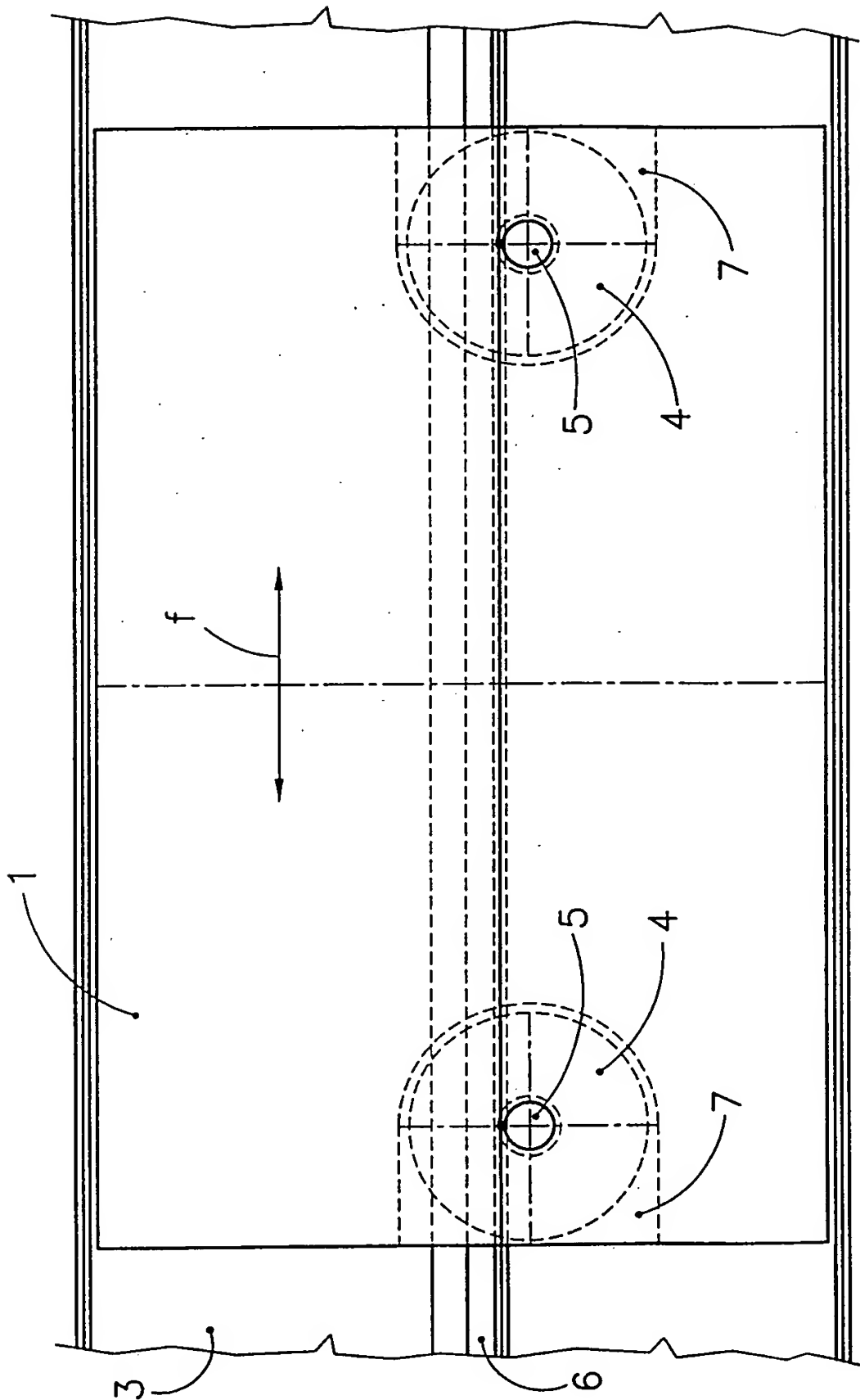


FIG.2

